

CSN 2023 Site Report: National Trail High School (OH)

AQS ID: 39-135-1001, POC 5 (39.83562, -84.72049) 1-in-3 Day Schedule

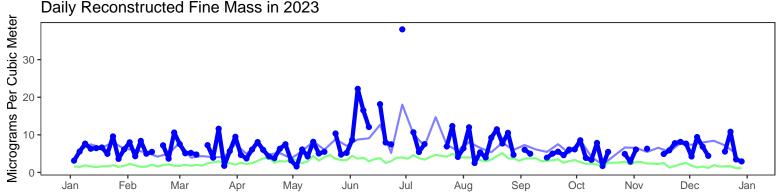
The Chemical Speciation Network (CSN) is a routine air monitoring network designed to complement the PM_{2.5} monitoring network; support the implementation of PM_{2.5} National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS); assist in developing and tracking emission control strategies; and provide data to aid in health studies. CSN sites are primarily located in urban areas and complement the largely rural Interagency Monitoring of PROtected Visual Environments (IMPROVE) network. The CSN target analytes are trace elements, ions, and carbon.

Percent of Samples Successfully Collected and Analyzed Per Year

2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
95	91	97	97	88	93	92	97	95	72	95	78	94

Samples Successfully Collected and Analyzed in 2023 by Filter Type. PTFE: 114 (94.2%), Nylon: 113 (93.4%), Quartz: 116 (95.9%)

The plots below show temporal trends for site 39-135-1001 alongside network-wide CSN and IMPROVE average concentrations. The top plot shows the variability of the reconstructed fine mass (RFM) concentrations during 2023; RFM can only be calculated if all three filters collected on a sampling day are valid. The bottom plot illustrates the long-term trends of ambient concentrations; the gray shaded region represents the range of values measured each year at this site, illustrated using the 10th and 90th percentile values.

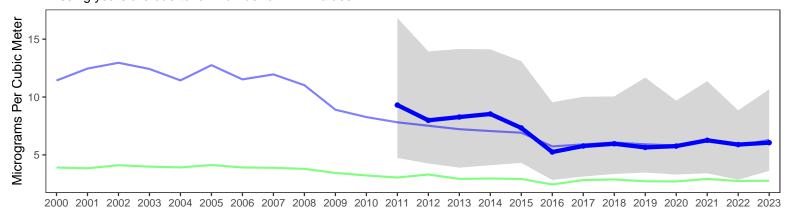


Chemical Speciation Network Median

IMPROVE Network Median

Long-Term Trends in Reconstructed Fine Mass Missing years are due to low number of RFM values.

Measured Concentrations



More Information

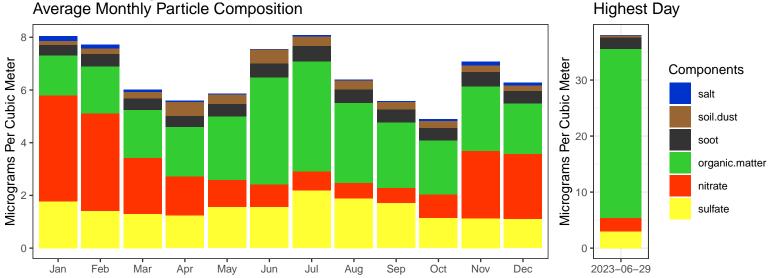
To view and download CSN data: https://www.epa.gov/outdoor-air-quality-data

EPA website with guidance documents and background information: https://www.epa.gov/amtic/chemical-speciation-network-csn EPA real-time air monitoring data: https://www.airnow.gov/

Univ. of California, Davis website with information about current research and publications: https://aqrc.ucdavis.edu/csn The Colorado State Univ. website with data resources, literature, and visibility overviews: http://vista.cira.colostate.edu/improve/



The following plots summarize the chemical composition of particles collected at this site. The monthly averaged compositions calculated from 2019-2023 data are shown on the left while compositions for the day with the highest measured concentrations during 2023 are shown on the right.



Components	Calculation	Natural Sources	Anthropogenic Sources
Salt	$1.8 \cdot Chloride$ $2.2 \cdot Al + 2.49 \cdot Si + 1.63 \cdot Ca$	Ocean spray, dry lakebeds	Chemical manufacturing, lake consumption
Soil Dust		Soil resuspension, dust storms	Construction, agriculture, deforestation,
Soot	$+2.42 \cdot Fe + 1.94 \cdot Ti$ Elemental Carbon	long-range transport Wildfires	unpaved roads Motor vehicles, wood burning, smoking
Organic Matter	$1.4 \cdot Organic\ Carbon$ $1.29 \cdot Nitrate$ $4.125 \cdot Sulfur$	Plants, animals, wildfires	Motor vehicles, cooking oils, household cleaners
Nitrate		Plants, animals	Fertilizer, stock yards, chemical manufacturing
Sulfate		Volcanism	Coal-fired power plants, chemical manufacturing

The following map shows the average RFM concentrations for nearby sites in both CSN and the rural IMPROVE Network. The point shapes indicate which network the sites are associated with. The color bar indicates the average annual RFM concentration (micrograms per cubic meter) measured at each site in 2023.

